

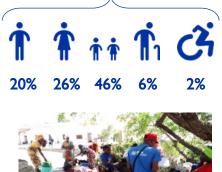
22 FEBRUARY 2024 IBO, CABO DELGADO, MOZAMBIQUE

CONTEXT

Since January 24, 2024, newly displaced families have been arriving in Ibo District, driven by the recurring attacks perpetrated by Non-State Armed Groups (NSAGs) in Macomia district specifically in the Chai and Mucojo Posts as well as Quissanga district in Isomero and Ulumbo villages. As of February 22, 2024, official records indicated that 370 households (HH) composed of 1,290 individuals displaced from the four mentioned areas have been registered in Matemo Island, Ibo sede, Quirambo and Quirimba Island as new arrivals. From these, 154 HH (426 individuals) are in Quirimba island, 165 HH (655 individuals) in Quirambo, 35 HH (162 individuals) are in Matemo island and 16 HH (47 individuals) are in Ibo sede. The District Planning and Infrastructure Service (SDPI) in Ibo, IOM, the District Administrator and Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) have reported the humanitarian needs that include Non-Food Items (NFI), food assistance, psychosocial support, shelter, dignity and hygiene kits with emphasis on sanitation. Immediate action is required to address these critical needs and provide essential support to the affected populations.



IOM is supporting the SDPI on the reception of new arrivals, leading the registration and data collection process for new arrivals in coordination with DTM. PSEA sensitization has also been provided to the new arrivals. Community representatives are also supporting the reception of new families and registration. The community leaders have also played a crucial role in allocation of temporary accommodation.



291 HOUSEHOLDS

> 1,062 INDIVIDUALS

ew arrivals. © 10



IOM and AVSI are providing psychosocial support services especially for those families who experienced some trauma. There are some cases of unaccompanied children who need support.



Food is a critical and urgent need for the newly displaced families, WFP provided 20kgs of rice, 2 liters of oil and 10kgs of beans as emergency food kits. There is still a need for additional food support for 251 HH.



The new arrivals have been accommodated with well-wishers within the IDP community and host community. Some of the new arrivals have been allocated abandoned emergency shelters. IOM has provided some Shelter and Non Food Item (SNFI) kits and there is still a need for SNFI kits for 251 HH.



Families are getting health assistance from the IOM mobile health brigades.



There is need to increase the coverage of mobile health brigades.



WATER, SANITATION

The district has serious water problems, and the few water points in the communities are saline. UNICEF distributed hygiene kits to the new arrivals before February 15th, so there is still a need for more hygiene kits for the last batch of 251 HH. There are no functional latrine and there is spiraling of open defecation.



IOM, WFP and UNICEF Joint Response. © IOM CCCM 202



Hygiene kits distributed by UNICEF © IOM CCCM 2024

SUMMARY

IOM is working closely with SDPI, DTM and community leaders in the identification of new arrivals, registration, allocation of abandoned shelters and engaging service providers at Ibo level to ensure support to the affected populations. The identified gaps and needs are food, SNFIs, MHPSS, General Protection, WASH and Education. There is an urgent need to mobilize partners and resources to provide immediate support to the new arrivals, focusing on protection, food, and sanitation.

* The response and assistance reported in this report is not exhaustive. You can get in touch on the email below to report any missing information.